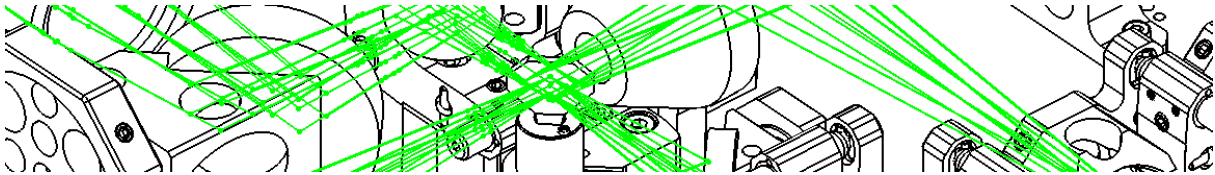


vt-iSIM – Imaging Beyond All Limits

Introducing the world's first high speed super resolution imaging system



With VT-iSIM, the ground breaking high speed super resolution imaging system from VisiTech International, you can image at spatial and temporal resolutions never thought possible before.

With no requirement to use specific fluorophores and without any computation, the VT-iSIM produces super resolution images in real time at up to 1,000 frames per second.

This high temporal resolution is combined with a spatial resolution enhancement on all axis of up to 2x regular wide-field microscopy.

Bring your Epi-Fluorescent microscope into the world of super resolution microscopy:

The VT-iSIM also offers a unique solution for adding super resolution microscopy to your lab.

VT-iSIM can be added to any regular Epi-fluorescent microscope (upright or inverted) to enable a cost effective path into high speed super resolution imaging.

The upgrade can be performed on site and we can also offer several unique software platforms including VoxCell Scan, Meta-Morph and NIS Elements.

The Technology behind VT-iSIM:

The optical resolution of a confocal microscope is the product of the illumination and detection PSF's according to equation: $PSF_{conf} = PSF_{ill} \cdot PSF_{det} = PSF_{exc} \cdot (PSF_{em} \otimes PH(d))$.

Therefore by setting the PH to be infinitely small we would get the best resolution as the effective PSF would just be the product of the excitation and emission PSF's, however this is in-practical.

If we displace the detection PH by a distance X then as the PSF_{eff} is a product of the PSF_{ill} and PSF_{det} , it would be shifted but narrower. As the overlap decreases with increased displacement the width of PSF_{eff} decreases, and if an emitter is imaged through the displaced PH the likelihood that it will be more precisely localised increases.

Since a PH displaced by X collects an image displaced by X/2 you can shift the signal back to where it belongs. Therefore summing all the signals from all the back shifted PH positions yields a super resolution image.